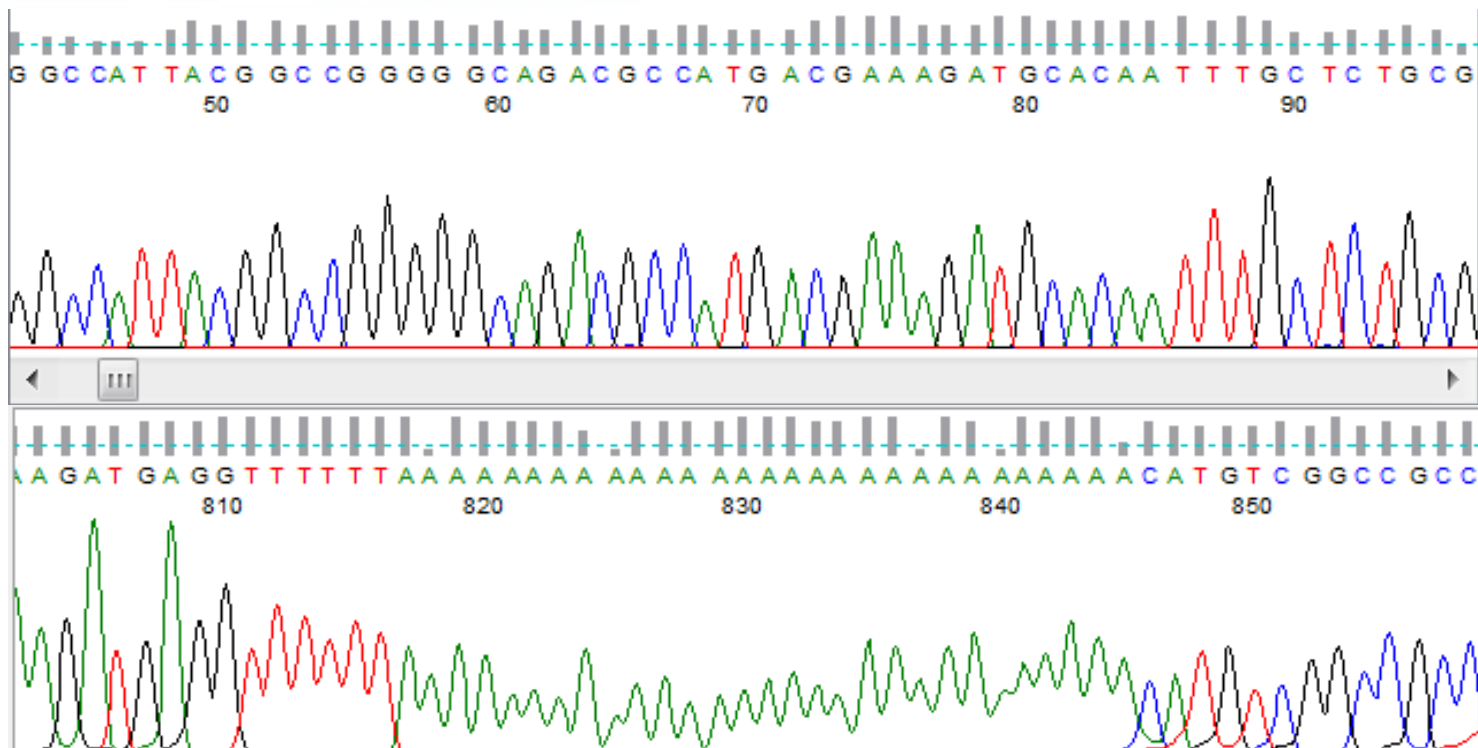




DSAP PART 2: BLAST

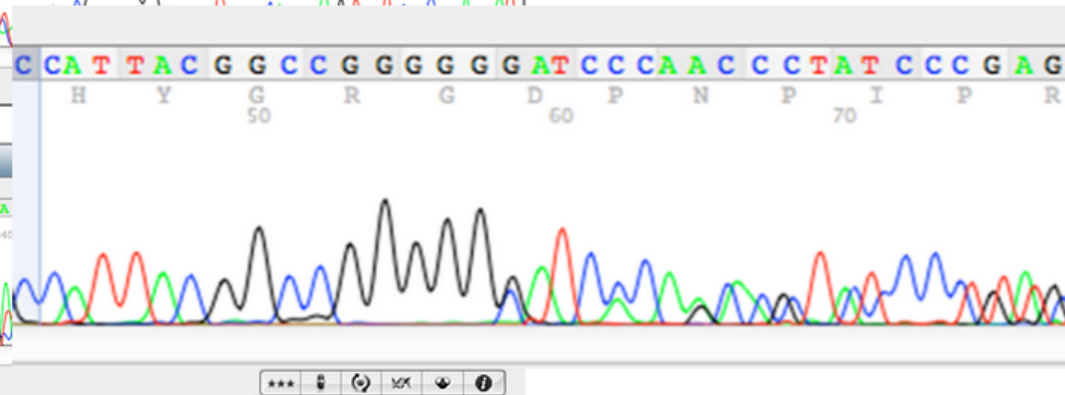
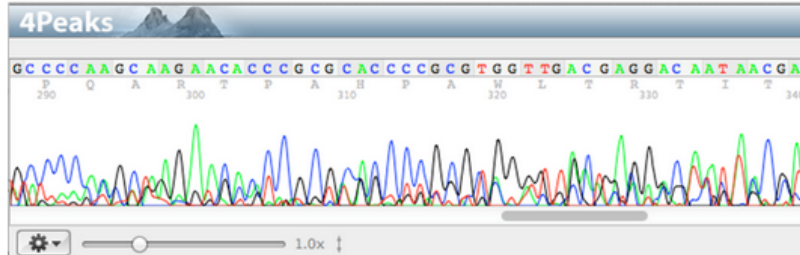
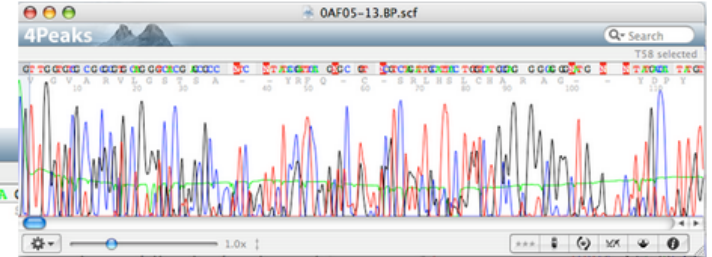
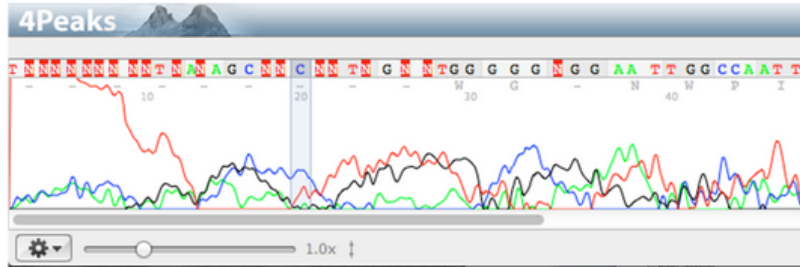
Review



What You Know So Far...



!?!?!?!?!?!?!?!?!?!?



Review



Crop Ends - For Sequence

In this step you will examine a waveform and determine the start and end of the cDNA insert.  

1 Is the For sequence readable? Yes No

2 In the unedited sequence, at which base does the cDNA insert start? (e.g. C14)

3 In the unedited sequence, which is the last base of the cDNA insert or the last base of readable sequence? (e.g., A530)

4 Paste the sequence starting at 'First' (from question 2) and ending at 'Last' (from question 3):

```
ACTAAATTAAGCGCCGCGCAATGCGCCGACGCCGCGATCATCATCTTCCCTTCTCGTCCT
CTTCTCCGATCAAATCTTCTCAAGCTTCTCTGCAACGGGGAGGTCTTCCCCGGGCGTTTGC
GGAGCTCC TCCGAAACTGTAGGTGATTCATCACAGGAGGGAAAGATGCGTCCGAGTCCCTGC
AGGAGTTGCCTCGCGTCTCTCCTCAAACTTTTGAATTTCTGCAAGCTTTCATCGGCGTCTC
```

Number of characters: 323 Cursor is on base: A1 Range marked:

<< Back

Read Only

Next >>

Ignore Errors

BLASTn



BLASTn

In this step you will perform a BLASTn search of two DNA databases for matches with the edited sequence.



1

Open the [BLASTn](#) search page and run a search with the edited sequence against the **nr/nt database**

Retrieve sequence

2

List the best matches from three different organisms:

Accession #	Definition	Organism	Query Start	Query End	E Value
gi 192337325 gb EL	Linum usitatissir	Linum usitatissir	A166	T275	2e-09
gi 657981303 ref XM	PREDICTED: M	Malus x domest	C195	C299	1e-07
gi 702500910 ref XM	PREDICTED: E	Eucalyptus gran	T206	A290A	1e-06

Running a Blastn Search



databases for matches with the

h with

Retrieve sequence

Retrieve Sequence

Copy the sequence and paste it into the external tool:

```
CATCACAGGAGGGAAGATGCGTCCGAGTCCCTGCAGGAGTTGCCTCGCGT
CTCTCCTCAAACCTTTTGAATTTCTGCAAGCTTTCATCGGCGTCTCCATTAT
CGTGTACTCCGCCTGGATGCTCACCAGATGGAGCGACCATGATTCGGCGT
TCCTTCATGATTCCTATAA
```

This sequence was taken from "Edit Sequence - For" step.

NCBI/ BLAST/ blastn suite

blastn blast blastx tblastn tblastx

Enter Query Sequence

Enter accession number(s), gi(s), or FASTA sequence(s)

```
ACTAAATTAAGCGCCGCGCAATGCGCCGACGCCG6ATCATCATCTTCCCTTCCCTGCTCCTTCCCTCGGATCAA
ATCTTCTCAAGCTTCTCTGCAACGGGGAGGTCTTCCC6GGC6TTT6CGGAGCTCCTCC6GAAACTGTAGGTGATT
CATCACAGGAGGGAAGATGCGTCCGAGTCCCT6CAGGAGTGCCTCGCGTCTCTCCTCAAACCTTTTGAATTTCTG
CAAGCTTTCATCGGCGTCTCCATTATCGTGTACTCCGCCTGGATGCTCACCAGATGGAGCGACCATGATTCGGCGT
TCCTTCATGATTCCTATAA
```

Or, upload file

Choose File No file chosen

Job Title

Enter a descriptive title for your BLAST search

Align two or more sequences

Choose Search Set

NCBI BLAST/ blastn suite/ Formatting Results - VFVE9MD8014

[Edit and Resubmit](#)[Save Search Strategies](#)[▶ Formatting options](#)[▶ Download](#)You [Tube](#)[How to read this page](#)[Blast report](#)

Nucleotide Sequence (708 letters)

RID [VFVE9MD8014](#) (Expires on 07-06 20:21 pm)

Query ID [ld|9135](#)
Description None
Molecule type nucleic acid
Query Length 708

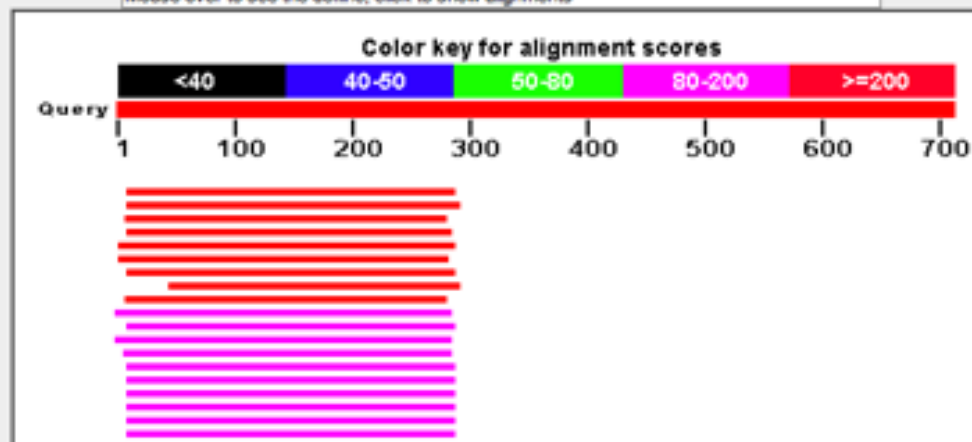
Database Name [nr](#)
Description Nucleotide collection (nt)
Program BLASTN 2.2.29+ [▶ Citation](#)

Other reports: [▶ Search Summary](#) [\[Taxonomy reports\]](#) [\[Distance tree of results\]](#)

Graphic Summary

Distribution of 114 Blast Hits on the Query Sequence

Mouse over to see the define, click to show alignments



Descriptions

Sequences producing significant alignments:

Select: [All](#) [None](#) Selected:0

Alignments Download GenBank Graphics Distance tree of results

	Description	Max score	Total score	Query cover	E value	Ident	Accession
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: Setaria italica dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm-like (LOC101770043), mRNA	244	244	39%	8e-61	79%	XM_004969977.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Zea mays dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm (LOC100284150), mRNA	221	221	39%	1e-53	77%	NM_001157047.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Triticum aestivum cDNA, clone: SET5_E05, cultivar: Chinese Spring	219	219	38%	3e-53	78%	AK330768.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: Oryza brachyantha dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm-like (LOC102702052), mRNA	217	217	38%	1e-52	77%	XM_006644677.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sorghum bicolor hypothetical protein, mRNA	210	210	40%	2e-50	77%	XM_002453627.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Diospyros kaki microsatellite DKES78 sequence	206	206	39%	2e-49	76%	KC425431.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: Oryza brachyantha dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm-like (LOC102719174), mRNA	203	203	39%	3e-48	77%	XM_006647084.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sorghum bicolor hypothetical protein, mRNA	201	201	34%	9e-48	78%	XM_002456341.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hordeum vulgare subsp. vulgare cDNA clone: FLbaf180f24, mRNA sequence	201	201	38%	9e-48	76%	AK252996.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Brachypodium distachyon mRNA, clone: PL016C01-A-022_P10	199	199	40%	3e-47	75%	AK427765.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: Setaria italica dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm-like (LOC101780022), mRNA	199	199	39%	3e-47	76%	XM_004951174.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: Brachypodium distachyon dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm-like (LOC1008245)	199	199	40%	3e-47	75%	XM_003569813.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Brachypodium distachyon mRNA, clone: PL016C01-A-092_I18	196	196	39%	4e-46	76%	AK438403.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Oryza rufipogon (W1943) cDNA clone: ORW1943C107A12, full insert sequence	194	194	39%	1e-45	76%	CT841868.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Oryza sativa Japonica Group cDNA, clone: J075067H10, full insert sequence	194	194	39%	1e-45	76%	AK287966.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Oryza sativa (Indica cultivar-group) cDNA clone:OSIGCSN016L02, full insert sequence	194	194	39%	1e-45	76%	CT828841.1



PREDICTED *Setaria italica* dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm-like (LOC101770043), mRNA

Sequence ID: [ref|XM_004969977.1|](#) Length: 791 Number of Matches: 1

Range 1: 222 to 499 [GenBank](#) [Graphics](#)

▼ Next Match ▲ Previous Match

Score	Expect	Identities	Gaps	Strand
244 bits(270)	8e-61	221/278(79%)	0/278(0%)	Plus/Plus

Query	11	ATGTTGGAAGGGAGGGCGAGAGTAGAAGACACCGACATGCCGAGGAAGATGCAGGCCGAG	70
Sbjct	222	ATGTTGGAAGGGAAGGCGATGGTGGAGGACACGGACATGCCGGCGAAGATGCAGGCCGAG	281
Query	71	GCCATGAACGCCGCTCTCACGCGCTCGATCTGTTCGACGTCGCGGACTGCAAGAGCCTC	130
Sbjct	282	GCGATGGCGGGCGGCGTCCAGGGCCCTCGACCGCTTCGACGTCCTCGACTGCCGGAGCATC	341
Query	131	GCCGCGCATATCAAGAAGGAATTTGATAAGATCTACGGTCCGGGATGGCAGTGCGTCGTC	190
Sbjct	342	GCGGCCACATCAAGAAGGAGTTTGACACGATCCATGGACCGGGATGGCAATGCGTGGTG	401
Query	191	GGCTCCAGCTTCGGCTGTTTCTTCACTCACAAGAAAGGCAGCTTCATCTACTTCCGCCTG	250
Sbjct	402	GGCTCCAGCTTCGGCTGCTACTTCACGCACAGCAAGGGGAGCTTCATCTACTTCCGGCTC	461
Query	251	GAGACGCTCCACTTCTCATCTTCAAAGGCGCGGCCGC	288
Sbjct	462	GAGTCGCTCAGGTTCTCGTCTTCAAAGGGGCGGCAGC	499

nr/nt v.s. EST

nr/nt: Nucleotide
EST: Expressed
Sequence Tags

...WHY???

The screenshot shows the NCBI BLAST search interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Home, Recent Results, Saved Strategies, and Help. Below this is the BLAST suite selection area with tabs for blastn, blastp, blastx, tblastn, and tblastx. The main section is titled "Enter Query Sequence" and contains a text input field for "Enter accession number, gi, or FASTA sequence" with a "Clear" button. To the right, there are "Query subrange" fields for "From" and "To". Below the input field, there is an "Or, upload file" section with a "Choose File" button and "no file selected" text. A "Job Title" field is also present. A "Choose Search Database" dropdown menu is open, showing a list of databases. The "Expressed sequence tags (est)" option is highlighted in blue. Other databases listed include "Nucleotide collection (nr/nt)", "Reference mRNA sequences (refseq_rna)", "Reference genomic sequences (refseq_genomic)", "NCBI Genomes (chromosome)", "Genomic plus Transcript", "Human genomic plus transcript (Human G+T)", "Mouse genomic plus transcript (Mouse G+T)", "Non-human, non-mouse ESTs (est_others)", "Genomic survey sequences (gss)", "High throughput genomic sequences (HTGS)", "Patent sequences(pat)", "Protein Data Bank (pdb)", "Human ALU repeat elements (alu_repeats)", "Sequence tagged sites (dbsts)", "Whole-genome shotgun reads (wgs)", and "Environmental samples (env_nt)". At the bottom, there is a "BLAST" button and a "Search database nr using Blastn (Optimize for somewhat similar sequences)" option, along with a checkbox for "Show results in a new window".

In this step you will perform a BLASTn search of two DNA databases for matches with the edited sequence.



1

Open the [BLASTn](#) search page and run a search with the edited sequence against the **nr/nt database**

2

List the best matches from three [different](#) organisms:

Accession #	Definition	Organism	Query Start	Query End	E Value
gi 192337325 gb EL	Linum usitatissii	Linum usitatissii	A166	T275	2e-09
gi 657981303 ref Xl	PREDICTED: M	Malus x domest	C195	C299	1e-07
gi 702500910 ref Xl	PREDICTED: E	Eucalyptus gran	T206	A290A	1e-06

3

Open the [BLASTn](#) search page, select the **est database**, and run a search with the edited sequence

4

List the best matches from three [different](#) organisms:

Accession #	Definition	Organism	Query Start	Query End	E Value
gi 661039163 gb JZ	70KST1.13 WS	Landoltia puncta	A1	A323	0.0
gi 324936612 gb JG	LUSPS1AD_RF	Linum usitatissii	A166	A293	2e-12
gi 299875686 emb f	FR598965 WZC	Fagus sylvatica	C208	A277	4e-08

Read Only

 Ignore Errors

Let's Go More In-Depth...

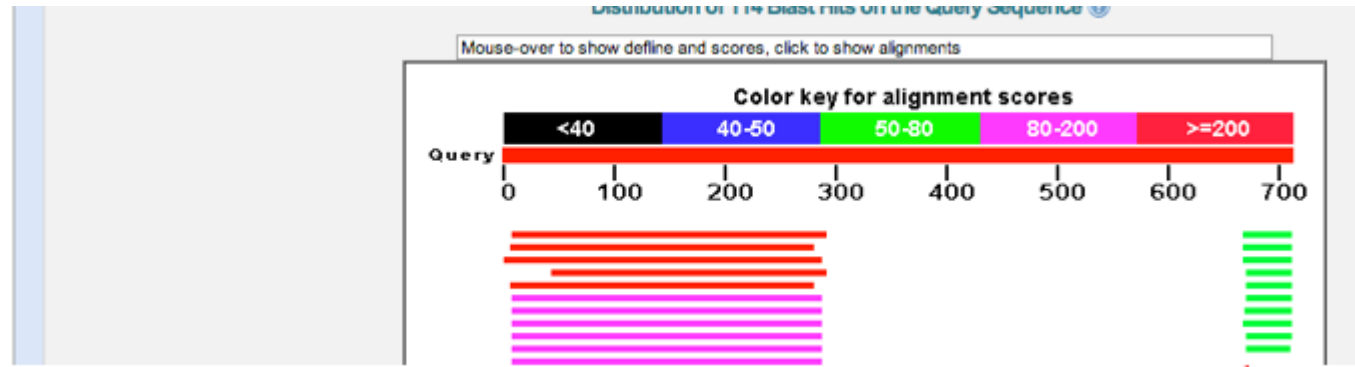


Is it significant?

1. Eval

Other Things:

- Gaps
- Mismatches
- Length
- Graphic Summaries



Gaps/Mismatches



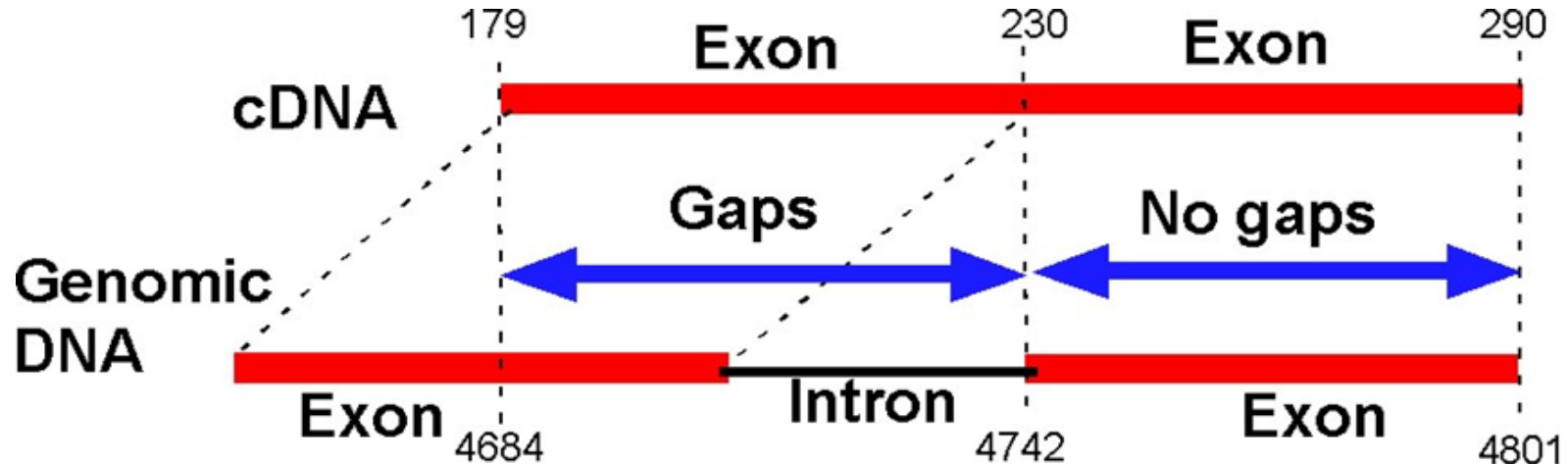
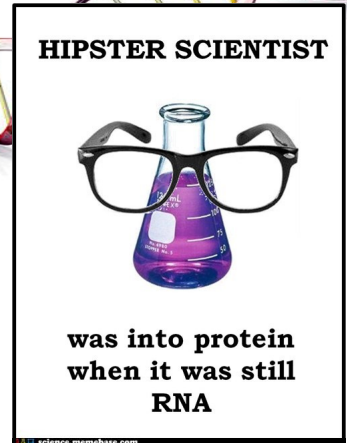
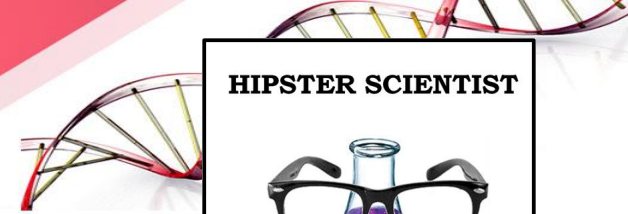
“Degenerate Code”

	C	R	E	L	L	I	L	D	A	→	Amino Acid
<i>Query</i>	TGT	CGT	GAA	CTC	CTA	ATT	CTC	GAC	GCC		
<i>Sbjct</i>	TGT	CGT	GAA	CTT	CTG	ATC	CTT	GAT	GCA		
	C	R	E	L	L	I	L	D	A		

	C	R	R	T	P	D	P	*
<i>Query</i>	TGTCGT	-	CGAACTCCTGATCCTTGA					
<i>Sbjct</i>	TGTCGT	C	CGAACTCCTGATCCTTGA					
	C	R	E	L	L	I	L	D

Why?

1. Bad Sequences
2. Different Organisms



Length

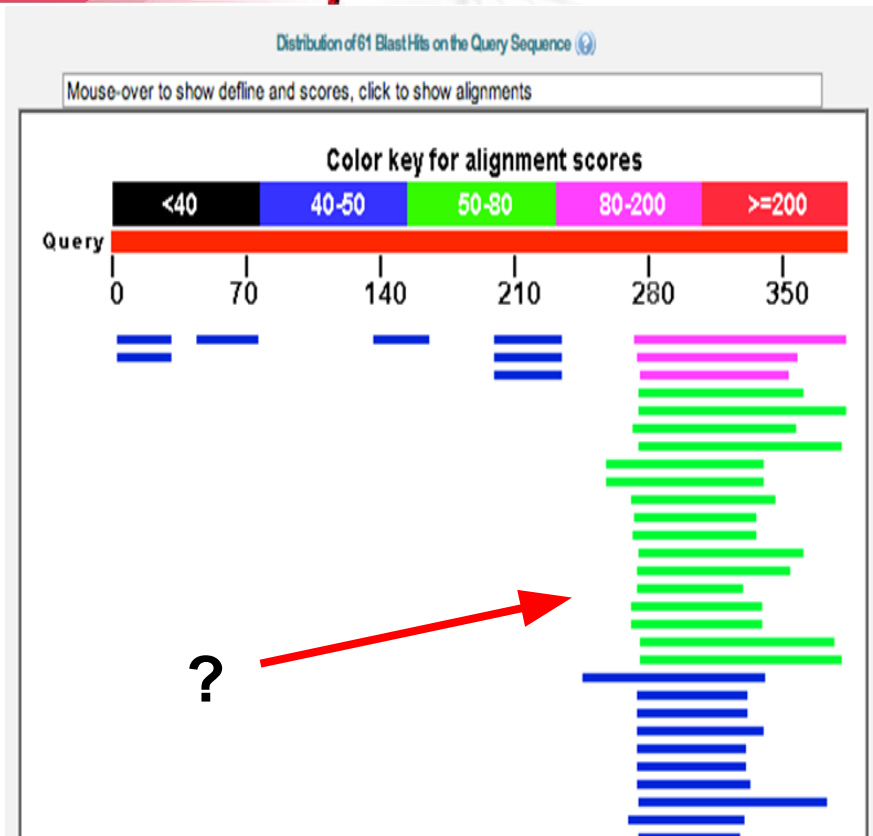
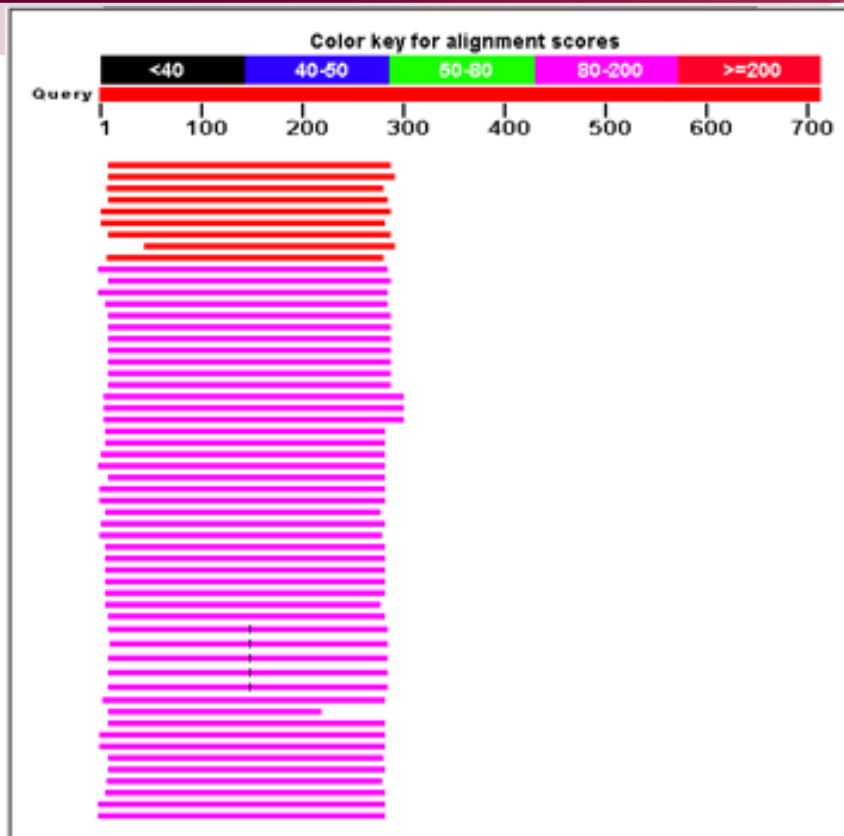


USELESS!!

```
>gi|14250883|emb|AL583809.3|CNS07EFY Human chromosome 14 DNA  
sequence BAC R-736L22 of library RPCI-11 from chromosome 14 of  
Homo sapiens (Human), complete sequence  
Score = 40.1 bits (20), Expect = 4.6 Identities = 20/20 (100%)
```

```
Query: 189      ttttctgaatattcataata 208  
          |||  
Sbjct: 60645  ttttctgaatattcataata 60626
```


Use the Graphic Report



Is this a good result? Is this significant?



PREDICTED: *Setaria italica* dynein light chain LC6, flagellar outer arm-like (LOC101770043), mRNA
Sequence ID: [ref|XM_004969977.1](#) Length: 791 Number of Matches: 1

Range 1: 222 to 499 [GenBank](#) [Graphics](#)

▼ Next Match ▲ Previous Match

Score	Expect	Identities	Gaps	Strand
244 bits(270)	8e-61	221/278(79%)	0/278(0%)	Plus/Plus
Query 11	ATGTTGGAAGGGAGGGCGAGAGTAGAAGACACCGACATGCCGAGGAAGATGCAGGCGGAG	70		
Sbjct 222	ATGTTGGAAGGGAAGGCGATGGTGGAGGACACGGACATGCCGGCGAAGATGCAGGCGCAG	281		
Query 71	GCCATGAACGCCGCCTCTCACGCGCTCGATCTGTTTCGACGTCGCGGACTGCAAGAGCCTC	130		
Sbjct 282	GCGATGGCGGGCGGCGTCCAGGGCCCTCGACCGCTTCGACGTCTCGACTGCCGGAGCATC	341		
Query 131	GCCGCGCATATCAAGAAGGAATTTGATAAGATCTACGGTCCGGGATGGCAGTGCCTCGTC	190		
Sbjct 342	GCGGCCACATCAAGAAGGAGTTTGACACGATCCATGGACCGGGATGGCAATGCGTGGTG	401		
Query 191	GGCTCCAGCTTCGGCTGTTTCTTCACTCACAAGAAAGGCAGCTTCATCTACTTCCGCCTG	250		
Sbjct 402	GGCTCCAGCTTCGGCTGCTACTTACGCACAGCAAGGGGAGCTTCATCTACTTCCGGCTC	461		
Query 251	GAGACGCTCCACTTCTCATCTTCAAAGGCGCGGCCGC	288		
Sbjct 462	GAGTCGCTCAGGTTCTCGTCTTCAAAGGGGCGGCAGC	499		

So, why Blastx??



Blastn:

```
Query  AGG  TCG  TTA  CTA  TCG  AGG  AGT  AGA
      |      |      |      |
Sbjct  CGT  AGC  CTT  TTG  AGT  CGA  TCG  CGG
      16% Identity
```

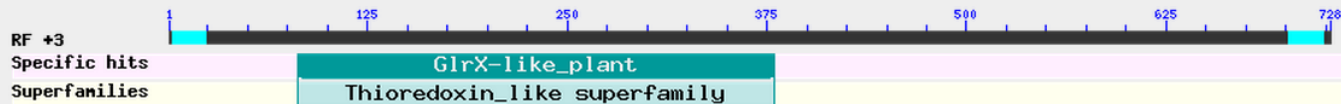
Blastx:

```
R S L L S R S R
| | | | | | | | 100% Identity
R S L L S R S R
```

Blastx

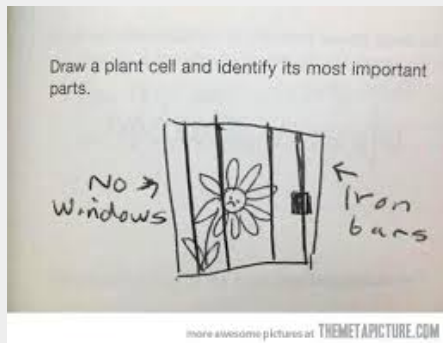
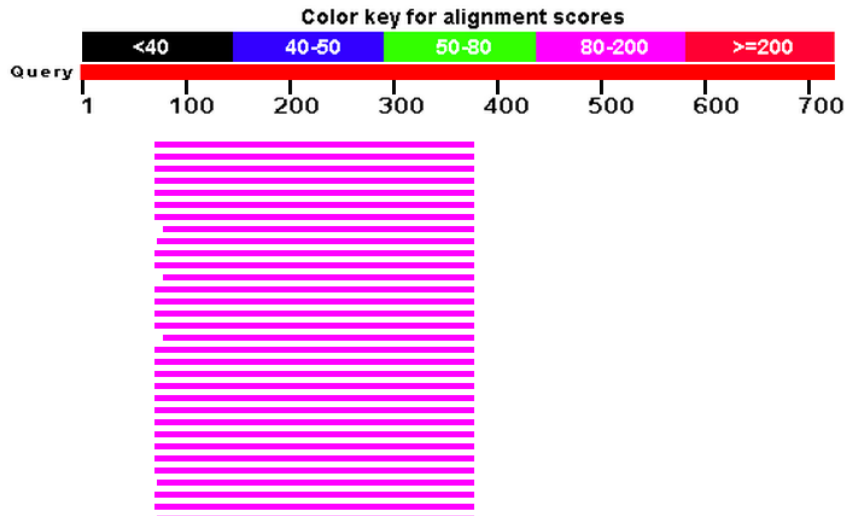


Putative conserved domains have been detected, click on the image below for detailed results.



Distribution of 102 Blast Hits on the Query Sequence

Mouse over to see the define, click to show alignments



Blastx



Sequences producing significant alignments:

Select: [All](#) [None](#) Selected:0

[Alignments](#) [Download](#) [GenPept](#) [Graphics](#)

	Description	Max score	Total score	Query cover	E value	Ident	Accession
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1-like [Phoenix dactylifera]	165	165	42%	8e-48	70%	XP_008802104.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C14 [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	164	164	42%	1e-47	73%	XP_009383750.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1-like [Phoenix dactylifera]	163	163	42%	5e-47	69%	XP_008796225.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1-like [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	162	162	42%	8e-47	72%	XP_009399249.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C14 [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	161	161	42%	2e-46	69%	XP_009384168.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C14 [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	159	159	42%	1e-45	68%	XP_009381963.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C14 [Elaeis guineensis]	159	159	42%	2e-45	69%	XP_010904787.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	hypothetical protein SORBIDRAFT_03g045210 [Sorghum bicolor]	157	157	41%	7e-45	69%	XP_002456905.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C2-like [Oryza brachyantha]	157	157	42%	9e-45	68%	XP_006645296.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1 [Zea mays]	157	157	42%	9e-45	68%	XP_008674047.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	hypothetical protein SORBIDRAFT_03g014800 [Sorghum bicolor]	156	156	42%	2e-44	67%	XP_002455626.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C2 [Zea mays]	156	156	41%	2e-44	69%	XP_008674577.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C14 [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	155	155	42%	6e-44	69%	XP_009399247.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1-like [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	155	155	42%	6e-44	66%	XP_009411702.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1 [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	154	154	42%	2e-43	67%	XP_009383750.1

Frames



[Download](#) ▾ [GenPept](#) [Graphics](#)

PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1-like [Phoenix dactylifera]

Sequence ID: [ref|XP_008802104.1|](#) Length: 103 Number of Matches: 1

Range 1: 1 to 103 [GenPept](#) [Graphics](#)

▾ Next Match ▲ Previous Match

Score	Expect	Method	Identities	Positives	Gaps	Frame
165 bits(417)	8e-48	Compositional matrix adjust.	72/103(70%)	90/103(87%)	0/103(0%)	+3
Query	72	MDRVKRLSTQKAVVIFSSSSCCMCHAVKFAFFQDLGVNYAAYELDEEPHGREMEKALLRLV			251	
		MDRV +L++QKAVVIFS SSCCMCH +K FF +LGVN +ELDE+P G++ME+AL ++V				
Sbjct	1	MDRVNKLASQKAVVIFSLSSCCMCHTIKRFSELGVNPTIHELDEDPKGDMERALAKMV			60	
Query	252	GRNPPFAVYIGGKLVGPTDRVMSLHLSGKLMPLREAGAKNL		380		
		GRNPP PAV+IGG LVGPTD++MSLHLSGKL+P+LR+AGA WL				
Sbjct	61	GRNPPVPAVFIGGSLVGPTDKIMSLHLSGKLVPLLRDAGAIWL		103		



Answer the Q's



1

Open the [BLASTx](#) search page and run a search with the edited sequence.

Retrieve sequence

2

List the best matches from three [different](#) organisms:

Accession #	Definition	Organism	Query Start	Query End	E Value
reflXP_008802104.	PREDICTED: gl	Phoenix dactylifl	M72	L380	8e-48
reflXP_009383750.	PREDICTED: pl	Musa acuminat	M72	L380	1e-47
reflXP_010904787.	PREDICTED: pl	Elaeis guineens	M72	L380	2e-45

3

Is your edited sequence significantly similar to sequences found in any other organism?

Yes No

4

Look down the list of BLASTx results. Is your edited sequence significantly similar to sequences found in [different](#) kingdoms?

Yes No

Alice places a prepared slide on her microscope, but when she looks into it, she can't see anything. Suggest one reason why not.

She is blind.

LOTSOFHUMOR.COM

What's a Reading Frame?



Carol never wore
her safety goggles.

Now she
doesn't need
them.



FLINN SCIENTIFIC INC.
"Your Safer Source for Science Supplies"

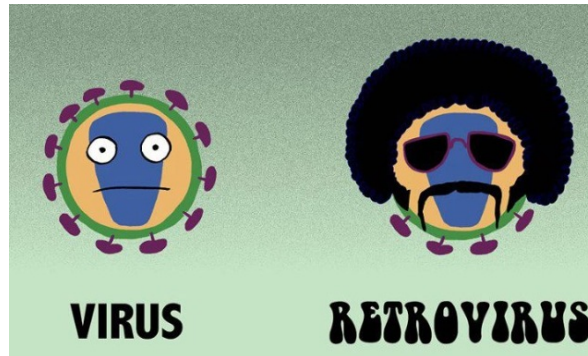
FLINN
SCIENTIFIC, INC

© 2010 Flinn Scientific, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

What's a Reading Frame?

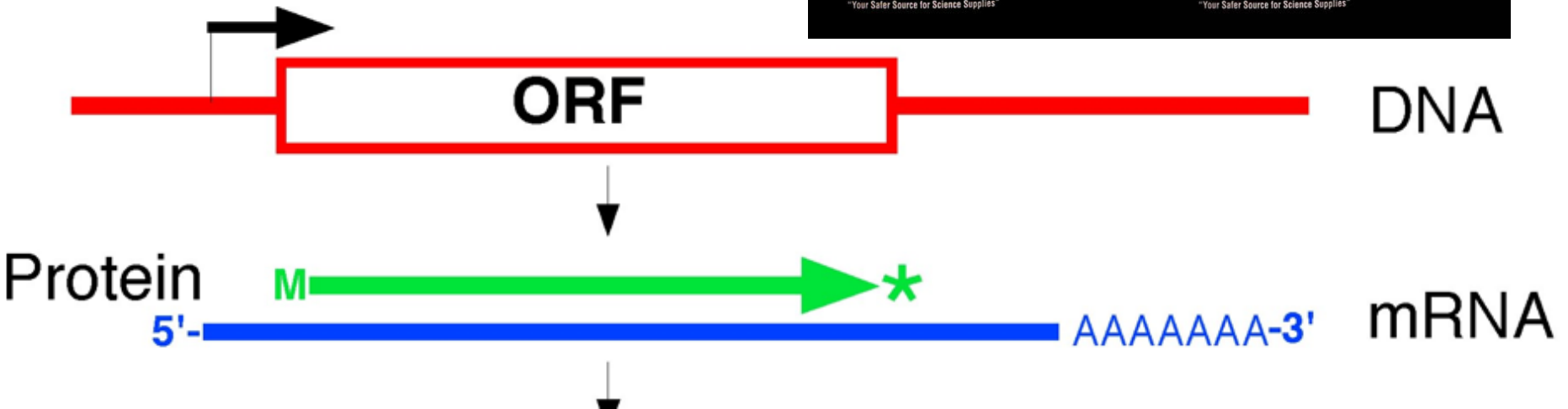


Query AGG TCG TTA CTA TCG AGG AGT AGA
| | | |
Sbjct CGT AGC CTT TTG AGT CGA TCG CGG
16% Identity



The "ORF"

"OPEN READING FRAME"



Toolbox



WSSP Translator Toolbox

Paste a DNA sequence into the textbox below and click one of the buttons.



```
aggagaagaagaagaggagagaacagtcgacgtctcgtttcttactctgcaattcgcgggtgaattcatggaacgltgaaagagctgaacgacgacagaagcggtggtgatattcagctcg  
agctcgtgctgcatgtgccacgagtcgaaggcctctccaggatctcggggggaactacgcccctacgagctcgaaggaacccccggaaggagatggagaaggctctctcgggctag  
tcgcccgaacccgccattccggcagctctacatcgcgcaagctgtcggccgacagaccgctcatgtccctccatctcagtgccaagcttaigcccatgctgggggaagcaggcgctaaat  
ggctgtagtcaggctctcgcgaaacccaaacgctagcggcctcgggtaacctgltgacaagtgggccgctcctgtagctgctctaaatgggctgggcccgtgctcctctcctcctcctc  
tccaaaagcaaatccgctcgttagagtcgacgtgggggaatcgcgacagctggatctctctcgcagaatcggcctgacatcctcgtgggcttttctaatggactactactcggccgctc  
ctcagatcggcggccctctatgactcgggcagtttaattacaattaataccaaaaaAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
```



Frame 1

Frame 2

Frame 3

Frame 1

Frame 2

Frame 3



Copy/Paste DNA

us Match
Frame
+3

Select Your Reading Frame

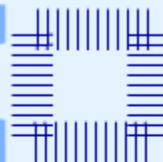
Protein Sequence



WSSP Translator Toolbox

Reading Frame 3

Total codons = 242. ORF #1 is longest with 126 amino acids.
Select a run of amino acids to see the corresponding DNA sequence.



EKKKEEEKQSTSSFLTLHSAGEF **M** DRVKRLSTQKAVVIFSSSSCCMCHAVKAFFQ
DLGVNYAAYELDEEPHGRE **ME** KALLRLVGRNPPFPAVYIGGKLVGPTDRVMSLHL
SGKL **MPML** REAGAKW ***** SGSLRNPNASGSRLT **V** DKWAALCSRALKWAWARAPFH
LRFSPKSKSVR ***** SRTWGNRQTRGSSSVRNRPDIPRGLFLNGLLTSARLSDRRALL
CTRAV ***** LIYN ***** LTKKKKKKKK -

LONGEST ORF

Finally-Your Sequence



EKKKEEEKQSTSSFLT LHSAGEFMDRVKRLSTQKAVVIFSSSSCCMCHAVKAFFQ
DLGVNYAAYELDEEPHGREMEKALLRLVGRNPPFPAVYIGGKLVGPTDRVMSLHL
SGKLMPLREAGAKWL*SGSLRNPNASGSRLTCVDKWAALCSRALKWAWARAPFH
 LRFSPKSKSVR*SRTWGNRQTRGSSSVNRNPDI PRGLFLNGLLTSARLSDRRALL
 CTRAV*LIYN***LTKKKKKKKK**-



Query	72	MDRVKRLSTQKAVVIFSSSSCCMCHAVKAFFQDLGVNYAAYELDEEPHGREMEKALLRLV	251
Sbjct	1	MDRV +L++QKAVVIFS SSSCCMCH +K FF +LGVN +ELDE+P G++ME+AL ++V	
Query	252	GRNPPFPAVYIGGKLVGPTDRVMSLHL SGKLMPLREAGAKWL	380
Sbjct	61	GRNPP PAV+IGG LVGPTD++MSLHLSGKL+P+LR+AGA WL	103

72 -
 ATGGACCGTGTGAAGAGGCTGAGCACGCAGAAGGCGGTGGTGATATTCAGCTCGAGCTCGTG
 CTGCATGTGCCACGCAGTCAAGGCCTTCTTCCAGGATCTCGGGGTGAACACTACGCCGCTACG
 AGCTCGACGAGGAACCCACGGAAGGGAGATGGAGAAGGCTCTTCTCCGGCTAGTCGGCCG
 GAACCCGCCATTTCCGGCAGTCTACATCGGCGGCAAGCTTGTCCGCCGACAGACCGCGTCA
 TGTCCTCCATCTCAGTGGCAAGCTTATGCCCATGCTGCGGGAAGCAGGCGCTAAATGGCTGT
 AG - 383

(Check that it matches Blastx)

Answer the Q's



Define ORF

In this step you will determine if there is an open reading frame (ORF) in your edited DNA sequence

1 Paste the edited DNA sequence into the [Toolbox](#), where it can be translated in each of the reading frames. Retrieve sequence

2 Which reading frame is most likely to code for a protein? (+ stop codon) +1 +2 +3 None

3 Paste the most likely protein sequence or a portion of a protein sequence here:

```
MDRVKRLSTQKAVVIFSSSSCCMCHAVKAFFQDLGVNYAAYELDEEPHGEMEKALLRLVGRNP  
PFPVAVYIGGKLVGPTDRVMSLHLSGKLPMLREAGAKWL
```

Number of characters: 103 Cursor is on residue: M1 Range marked:

4 At which base does the ORF start? (e.g. A52)

5 At which base does the ORF end? Include the stop codon (e.g. A255)

<< Back Read Only Next >> Ignore Errors



Blastp!!!

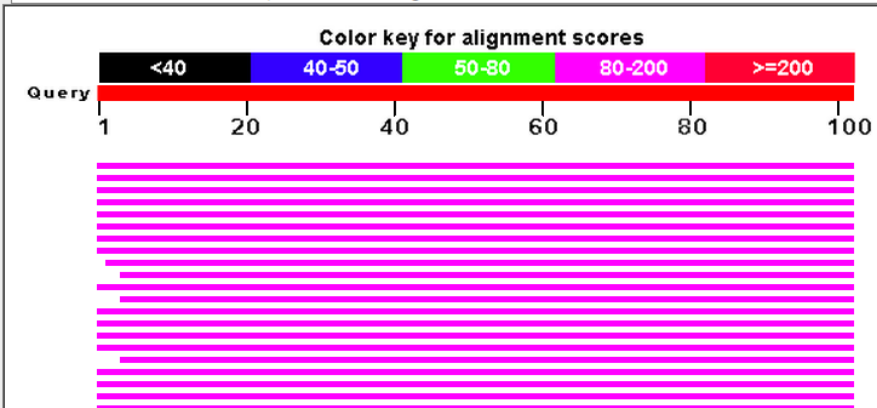


Putative conserved domains have been detected, click on the image below for detailed results.



Distribution of 102 Blast Hits on the Query Sequence

Mouse over to see the define, click to show alignments



Blastp!!!



Sequences producing significant alignments:

Select: [All](#) [None](#) Selected:0

[Alignments](#) [Download](#) [GenPept](#) [Graphics](#) [Distance tree of results](#) [Multiple alignment](#)

	Description	Max score	Total score	Query cover	E value	Ident	Accession
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1-like [Phoenix dactylifera]	164	164	100%	1e-49	70%	XP_008802104.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED: putative glutaredoxin-C14 [Musa acuminata subsp. malaccensis]	163	163	100%	2e-49	73%	XP_009383750.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED						XP_008796225.1
<input type="checkbox"/>	PREDICTED						XP_009399249.1

PREDICTED: glutaredoxin-C1-like [Phoenix dactylifera]

Sequence ID: [ref|XP_008802104.1|](#) Length: 103 Number of Matches: 1

Range 1: 1 to 103 [GenPept](#) [Graphics](#)

[Next Match](#) [Previous Match](#)

Score	Expect	Method	Identities	Positives	Gaps
164 bits(415)	1e-49	Compositional matrix adjust.	72/103(70%)	90/103(87%)	0/103(0%)

Query 1 MDRVKRLSTQKAVVIFSSSSCCMCHAVKAFFQDLGVNYAAYELDEEPHGEMEKALLRLV 60

MDRV +L++QKAVVIFS SSSCCMCH +K FF +LGVN +ELDE+P G++ME+AL ++V

Sbjct 1 MDRVNKLASQKAVVIFSLSSCCMCHTIKRFFSELGVNPTIHELDEDPKGKDMERALAKMV 60

Query 61 GRNPPFPAVYIGGKLVGPTDRVMSLHLSGKLMPLREAGAKWL 103

GRNPP PAV+IGG LVGPTD++MSLHLSGKL+P+LR+AGA WL

Sbjct 61 GRNPPVPAVFIGGSLVGPTDKIMSLHLSGKLVPLLRDAGAIWL 103

Answer the Q's



1 Open the [BLASTp](#) search page and run a search with the protein sequence determined on the previous page.

Retrieve sequence

2 List the best matches from three [different](#) organisms:

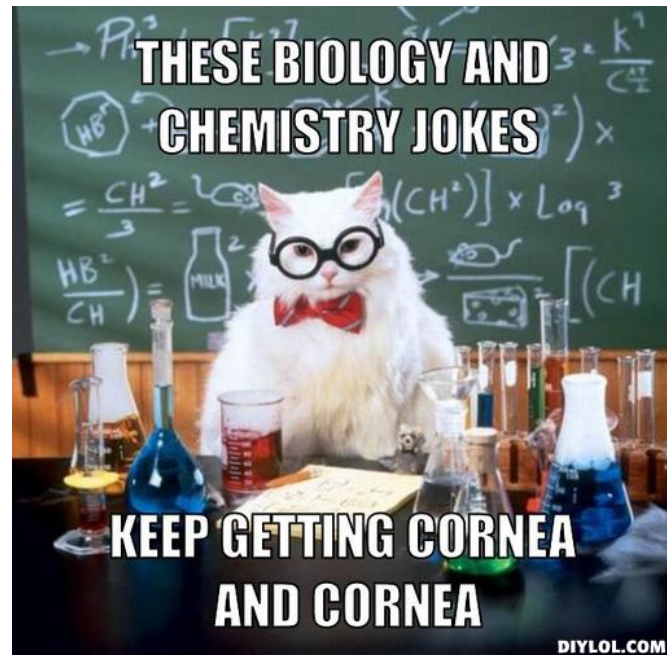
Accession #	Definition	Organism	Query Start	Query End	E Value
XP_008802104.1	PREDICTED: gl	Phoenix dactylif	M1	L103	7e-50
XP_009383750.1	Musa acuminat	Musa acuminat	M1	L103	1e-49
XP_010904787.1	PREDICTED: pi	Elaeis guineens	M1	L103	2e-47

3 Does your DNA sequence code for the likely start of the protein?

Yes No

4 Does your DNA sequence code for the likely end of the protein?

Yes No



Blastp v.s. Blastx

1

Look at the BLASTx and BLASTp results that you have entered:

BLASTx

Accession #	E Value
ref XP_008811211.1	2e-22
ref XP_009398676.1	5e-22
ref XP_010928379.1	9e-22

BLASTp

Accession #	E Value
ref NP_566635.1	8e-34
emb CDX99221.1	8e-34
ref XP_010530741.1	1e-33

Are **any** of the proteins found in the BLASTp search the same as **any** of the proteins found in the BLASTx search?

Yes No

2

Compare the E-values for the same protein found by **both** the BLASTx and BLASTp searches. Are the E-values similar?

Yes No

3

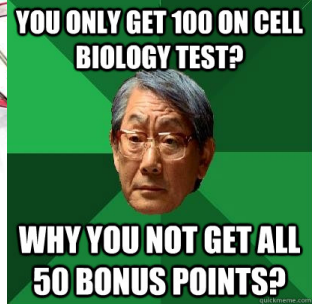
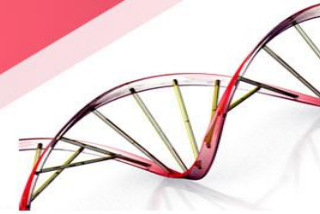
Compare the start and stop positions of the BLASTx and BLASTp alignments for the same protein. Are the alignments the same?

Yes No

Meanwhile in



UR DONE WITH BLAST



NOW U CAN GO ANALYZE THE STUFF!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!! <333333333333

